

# बिहार विधान-सभा वादवृत्त

सरकारी प्रतिवेदन

( भाग-१ कार्यवाही प्रश्नोत्तर )

बृहस्पतिवार, तिथि २५ मार्च, १९७६ ।

विषय-सूची

पृष्ठ

प्रश्नों के लिखित उत्तर :

बिहार विधान सभा की प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य-संचालन नियमावली के नियम ४ II के परन्तु क के अन्तर्गत सभा मेज पर रखे गये प्रश्नों के लिखित उत्तर ।

प्रश्नों के मौखिक उत्तर :

अल्प सूचित प्रश्नोत्तर संख्या : १, २, १२ एवं १६ ... १-१२

तारांकित प्रश्नोत्तर संख्या : २, ५२२, ५२३, ५२४, ५२५, ५२६, १३-४४

५२७, ५३२, ५३७, ५४१, ५४४, ५४५, ५४८, ५५०;

५५१, ५५२, ५५६, ५६४, ५६६, ५७०, ५७१, ५७७,

५७८, ५८१, ५८६, ५८५, ५८६, ६०३, ६०५, ६०६ ।

परिशिष्ट-१ एवं २ प्रश्नों के संबंध में विवरण : ४५-५१

परिशिष्ट-३ (प्रश्नों के लिखित उत्तर) : ५२-१७७

दैनिक निबंध ... १७९-१८०

टिप्पणी :—जिन मंत्रियों एवं सदस्यों ने अपना भाषण संशोधित नहीं किया है उनके नाम के आगे ( \* ) चिह्न लगा दिया गया है ।

## परिशिष्ट—१

[ अल्प-सूचित प्रश्न सं० १ के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में ]

**Agreement Regarding Utilisation Of The Waters Of The Subarnarekha And The Kharkai reached By The Chief Ministers Of Bihar And Orissa at Patna on the 17Th January, 1976.**

**Present**

**Shrimati Nandini Setpathy**  
Chief Minister, Oriasa.

**Dr. Jaganrath Mishra**  
Chief Minister, Bihar.

The Chief Ministers of Bihar and Orissa took note of the discussions at the official level held at Calcutta on the 12th December, 1975 and at Patna on the 5th & 6th January, 1976. They agreed that the waters of the Subarnarekha and the Kharkai may utilised by either State in the manner and subject to the conditions set forth below, namely :

1. The Subarnarekha Multipurpose Project as planned by Bihar may be implemented without any curtailment in its scope consistent with the terms of this agreement. Each State may also implement other projects planned by it subject to the condition that its total utilisation will not exceed the allocated share of 3.20 MAF for the Bihar and 1.20 MAF for Orissa on the basis of 75 percent dependable yield of the Subarnarekha basin at Kokpada.

2. In regard to flood moderation portion of the Chandil Dam, it was agreed that flood storage of 0.40 MAF should be provided. Both Bihar and Orissa will urge the Government of India to meet the cost of flood moderation portion of the Dam fully. The final decision in this regard will be taken in a meeting of the Chief Ministers of Bihar and Orissa.

3. The storage capacity of the Dam as proposed by Bihar on the river Kharkai (here in after referred to as the Kharkai Dam) may be 0.68 MAF out of which Bihar and Orissa will be entitled to 0.50 MAF and 0.18 MAF respectively.

4. The cost of the Kharkai Dam and appurtenant works will be shared between Bihar and Orissa in the proportion of 5.00 : 1.80.

5. Orissa will extend the required assistance and co-operation in acquiring the land in Orissa that will be submerged by the Kharkai Dam. The cost of such acquisition and of consequential rehabilitation will be included in the cost of the Kharkai Dam. The Scale and Standard of rehabilitation will be fixed in due course by mutual agreement.

6. Upstream the Kharkai Dam, Bihar and Orissa will limit their utilisation to 0.05 MAF and 0.20 MAF respectively.

7. The management of the Kharkai Dam will be as follows :—

(a) For sharing the water in the Dam the year will begin from the 1st day of July.

(b) The need for Khariff irrigation in each State will be given first priority and water released against its share on such needs indicated by each State.

(c) The balance water available out of the allocations of each State after the Khariff season will be drawn by the respective States for Rabi and Summer Irrigation.

(d) Each State will be free to fix the priority for utilisation of its share for industrial and other uses without affecting the interests of the other State.

(c) The shortage or surplus over the estimated annual yield at 75 percent dependability, if any, during the water year will be shared by the two States in proportion to their respective interests in the storage.

(f) There will be a Committee for Joint operation of the reservoir. The Committee will be constituted in the manner provided in clause 14.

(g) To achieve flexibility in operation of the Kharkai and Chndil raservoirs within the Subarnrekha Multipurpose Project in the best interests of both the States, this Committee may make diversion of supplies from one or the other reservoir subject to the condition that the share of each State during the water year will not be affected adversely.

8. Bihar proposes to construct barrage at Galudih with one canal on each side. Orissa will be entitled to draw through this barrage its share of water in the Kharkai Dam. In addition, Orissa can also draw from this Barrage the run of the river flow as available for utilisation in its territory out of which upto 0.10 MAF will be during the non-monsoon period. The drawal from this barrage by Bihar in the non-monsoon period will be upto 0.06 MAF.

Provided that if the flow in any non-monsoon period is less than 0.16 MAF, the shortage shall be shared between Bihar and Orissa in the proportion of 3 : 5

9. Orissa will draw its share of water from the Galudih Barrage through the right bank main canal.

10. The cost of the Galudih barrage and the appurtenant works shall be shared between Bihar and Orissa in proportion.

to the annual designed withdrawals, that is to say on cusecd day basis.

11. The cost of the right bank main canal shall be shared between Bihar and Orissa on cusec-mile basis.

12. The right bank main canal will be a lined one and will be so designed as to involve minimum land acquisition in Bihar.

13. Execution of the Kharkai Dam and the Galudih Barrage along with the right bank main canal will be taken up together at a time. The arrangement for their execution will be as may be decided by the chief Ministers of Bihar and Orissa.

14. There will be joint regulation of the Kharkai Dam and Galudih barrage along with the right bank main canal by a Committee consisting of a Chief Engineer nominated by Bihar, Chief Engineer nominated by Orissa and a Member of the Central water Commission who will be its Chairman. The committee will formulate its rules of procedure.

15. Orissa can utilise the surplus water from the free catchment in Orissa below Kokpara.

16. Orissa agrees in principle to the development of the Subarnarekha for inland water transport as it will provide direct sea-face to Bihar.

Sd :—

17-1-1976

(Nandini Satpathy)  
Chief Minister, Orissa.

Sd :—

17-1-1976

(Dr. Jagannath Mishra)  
Chief Minister, Bihar.